

Amendments to the National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST) 2003 Handbook 130.

## Uniform Engine Fuels, Petroleum Products, and Automotive Lubricants Regulation 3.10. Liquefied Petroleum (LP) Gas

- **3.10.1 How LPG is to be Identified.** Liquefied petroleum gases shall be identified by grades Commercial Propane, Commercial Butane, Commercial PB Mixtures or Special-Duty Propane (HD5).
- **3.10.2 Retail Dispenser Labeling.** Each retail dispenser of liquefied petroleum gases shall be labeled as "Commercial Propane," "Commercial Butane," "Commercial PB Mixtures," or "Special-Duty Propane (HD5)."

To minimize the confusion with the consuming public on the purchase of liquefied petroleum gases it is necessary to have the product prominently displayed in one or more locations at each retail outlet using the term "Propane."

## **Uniform Regulation for the Method of Sale of Commodities**

- 2.16 Compressed or Liquefied Gases in Refillable Cylinders
  - **2.16.3.1.** Tare Weights
    - (e) <u>Liquefied Petroleum Gas in Refillable Cylinders</u>. When sold by weight, <u>Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) must be weighed on an appropriate, sealed</u> <u>commercial scale</u>. A sales invoice shall be provided and shall contain at least the following information:
      - **a.** Weight of the cylinder before filling.
      - **<u>b.</u>** Weight of the cylinder after filling.
      - **c.** The net weight of the LPG delivered.
      - **d.** The unit price.
      - e. The total computed price

<u>f.</u>

This new language is necessary to provide the procedure to be followed to insure that the consumer receives credit for any remaining product in the cylinder prior to being refilled.